Universal Values and the East-West dispute in the Russian War against Ukraine

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The Myth of the Framework 1

One of the most disturbing features of intellectual life at the present time is the way in which irrationalism is so widely advocated, and irrationalist doctrines taken for granted. In my view, one of the main components of modern irrationalism is relativism ([, that is,] the doctrine that truth is relative to our intellectual background or framework: that it may change from one framework to another), and, in particular, the doctrine of impossibility of mutual understanding between different cultures, generations, or historical periods.

The Myth of the Framework 1

I suggests that the greatest step towards a better and more peaceful world was taken when the war of swords began to be supported, and sometimes even to be replaced, by a war of words. This is why my topic is of practical significance.

Karl Popper 1976

Is rational moral discussion possible?

Are fundamental moral concepts such as justice and freedom relative (w.r.t. cultures, generations, etc.) or absolute (after the model of truth)?

My Popperian answer: They are "absolute" in the sense of being subjects of critical rational discussion, which results from a clash of conflicting cultural and historical traditions.

Like in case of the concept of truth an ontological grounding of moral concepts ("moral realism") is possible but not necessary for the argument. The argument goes through if one assumes that the rationality is a social construction based on social experience that involves conflicting elements.

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Rational political discussion is the best way to gaining the political intellectual independence, which is so much desired by the proponents of the Russian *Zonderweg* (osobyi put, specific way).

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- relativistic notions of truth and moral value in the Soviet Marxism
- rejection of any state-sponsored ideology

Relevance to the ongoing War

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The lack of independent judgement in political matters made Putin's government's political choices unprincipled and purely pragmatic. Since Russia could not simply "choose the right side" in the perceived post-ColdWar political arrangement (because it represented one of the two sides itself), it tried to reassemble a new Anti-Western coalition but had a very limited success.

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The Russian military agression projected internationally and the invasion to Ukraine in February 2022 is underpinned by the perceived incapability to counter (or counterbalance) the "Western influence" by any other means.

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Rationality does not belong to any particular culture or nation or world power but is a human capacity to surpass, in thought and discussion, all cultural, historical and geographical barriers.

THANK YOU!